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# Understanding the Role Thin Film Interfaces Play in Solar Cell Performance and Stability

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AIM: Improve stability of perovskite and Si solar cells through optimization of the metal oxide/thin film interfaces.

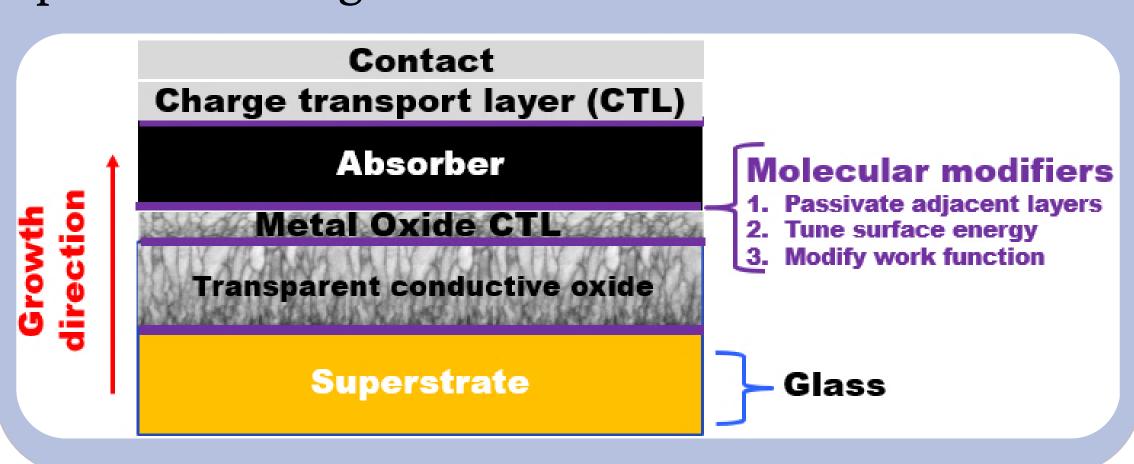
## Film Studies and Device Performance

- Interfacial modification/structure affect:
  - Film uniformity
  - Crystallinity
  - Grain size
  - Defect density

	Modifier	Stack Structure	V <sub>oc</sub> [V]	J <sub>sc</sub> [mA cm <sup>-2</sup> ]	PCE [%]
	Bromobenzoic Acid ( <b>Br-BA</b> ) [2]	ITO/NiO <sub>x</sub> /MAPbI <sub>3</sub> /PCBM /bis-C <sub>60</sub> /Ag	1.07	19.1	15.3
		ITO/NiO <sub>x</sub> / <b>Br-BA</b> /MAPbI <sub>3</sub> /PCBM/bis-C <sub>60</sub> /Ag	1.11	21.7	18.4
	(3-Aminopropyl) triethoxysilane ( <b>APTES</b> ) [3]	FTO/SnO <sub>2</sub> /MAPbI <sub>3</sub> /Spiro-OMeTAD/Au	1.07	20.84	14.69
		FTO/SnO <sub>2</sub> / <b>APTES</b> / MAPbI <sub>3</sub> /Spiro-OMeTAD/Au	1.16	21.23	17.03
	Naphthalene-imide Self-assembled Monolayer ( <b>NMI</b> ) [4]	ITO/ Cs <sub>0.05</sub> FA <sub>0.8</sub> MA <sub>0.15</sub> PbI <sub>2.5</sub> Br <sub>0.5</sub> / Spiro-OMeTAD/Au	1.00	18.3	11.5
		ITO/ <b>NMI</b> / Cs <sub>0.05</sub> FA <sub>0.8</sub> MA <sub>0.15</sub> PbI <sub>2.5</sub> Br <sub>0.5</sub> / Spiro-OMeTAD/Au	1.03	20.0	12.6

## Approach

Deposition of MAPbI<sub>3</sub> on bare and silane-modified substrates to systematically investigate effects of TCO and interlayers on perovskite degradation.



## a-Si:H/TCO Films

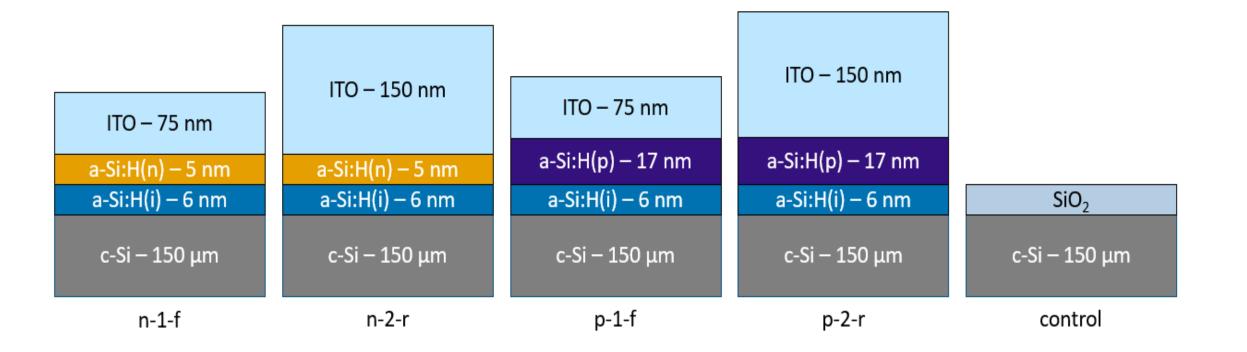
Silicon heterojunction PV among most efficient industrial-scale PV.

### Goals:

- Decouple effects of encapsulation degradation from stack deterioration
- Rapid screening process for unencapsulated cells to probe fabrication variables

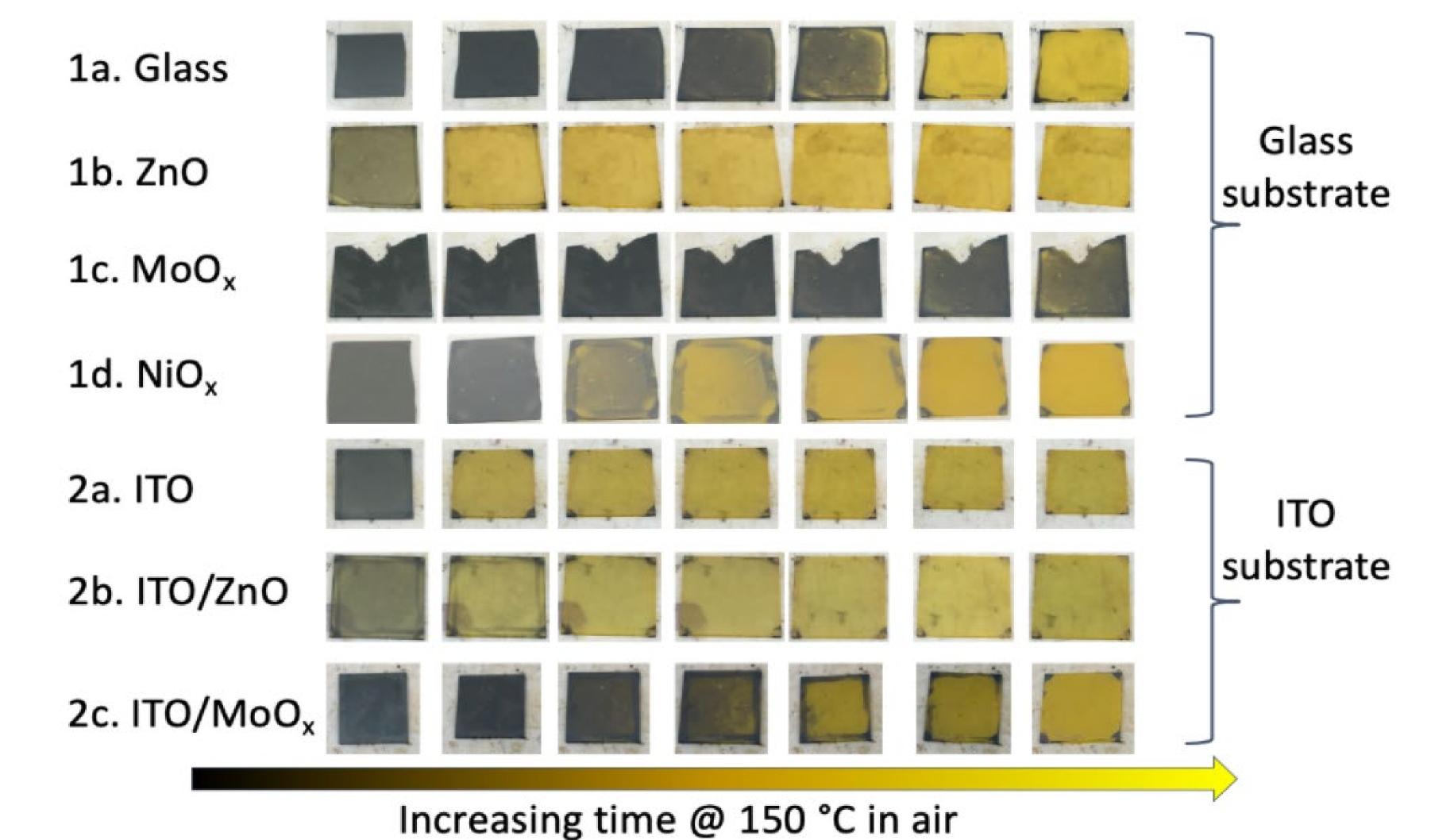
Focus on UV-induced degradation of film stacks:

- Step-wise aging study
- ToF-SIMS, XPS, spectroscopic ellipsometry
- Tracking hydrogen transport



## Pb-Based Perovskite Films

- Emerging PV absorber record devices over 20% efficient [1]
- Moisture and temperature sensitive
- Complex effects of aging on multilayer systems



## Results

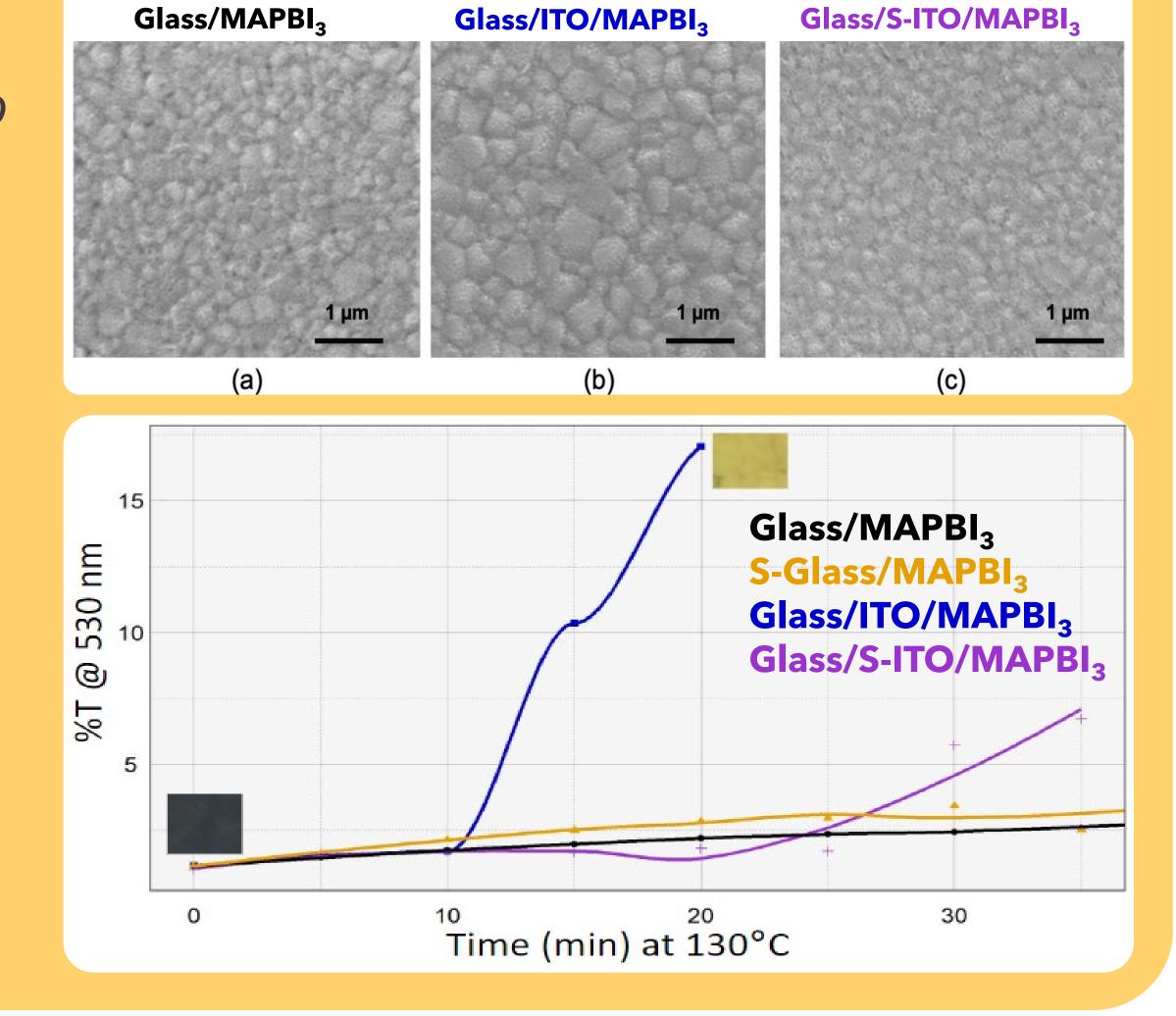
BPTMS passivates perovskite/TCO interface, affecting morphology and degradation profile.

## MAPbI<sub>3</sub> Grain Growth:

- BPTMS modification leads to smaller grains on ITO
- Grains on S-ITO comparable to those grown on glass

## MAPbI<sub>3</sub> Degradation:

- BPTMS mitigates degradation on ITO compared to control
- Decouples effects of grain size from interfacial chemistry



## Conclusions and Next Steps

Results highlight importance of film studies under device-relevant conditions.

- Organofunctional silanes can be used as molecular modifiers to passivate a TCO/perovskite interface
- Interfaces/interfacial modifiers have multifaceted effects on film morphology and lifetime

### Future work:

• ToF-SIMS to track differences in atomic composition profiles through samples with and without silane layers

## Contact

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## References

[1] *Nature Energy*, vol. 4, pp. 1, Jan. 2019. [2] *ChemSusChem*, 10 (2017), 3794-3803. DOI: 10.1002/cssc.201701262. [3] *Journal of Materials Chemistry A*, vol. 5, no. 4, pp. 1658–1666, 2017. [4] *ACS Appl. Energy Mater.*, vol. 6, no. 2, pp. 667, 2023.